On November 22, 2019, CO₂ injection of this demonstration project was suspended. $\begin{array}{c} \text{Cumulative CO}_2 \text{ Injection amount}\\ \textbf{300,110.3} \end{array}$

tonnes

What's New

Japan CCS will exhibit on April 15 (Sat), 16 (Sun) at "Kankyo Hiroba Hokkaido 2023"

 commemorative event of G7 Sapporo Minister's Meeting on Climate, Energy and Environment

The annual "Kankyo Hiroba Sapporo" will be scaled up to commemorate the G7 Sapporo Minister's Meeting on Climate, Energy and Environment.

We are looking forward to seeing you all.

Venue: Sapporo Dome, 1, Hitsujigaoka, Toyohira-ku, Sapporo-shi JCCS Booth: Kankyo SDGs ZONE KA98

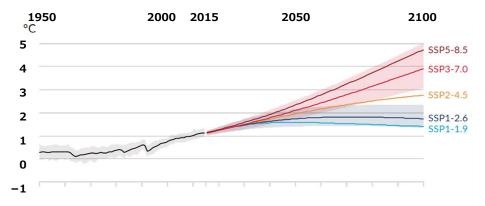
والمستقيد والمحاجب المحاجب المحاجب المحاجب المحاجب المستقيم والمستقيم والمحافي المحاج المحاج المحاجب المستقيد والمحاجب

1/19

Cumulative CO₂ Injection amount **300,110.3**

Global warming and future climate





SSP5-8.5	Fossil fuel dependent development; no additional climate policy	
SSP3-7.0	Development under regional conflict; no additional climate policy	
SSP2-4.5	Intermediate development; additional climate policy introduced. Global temperature rises by 2.7°C; emissions in line with aggregate NDC emissions levels by 2030.	
SSP1-2.6	Sustainable development; global warming held within 2°C. Zero CO_2 emissions in latter half of 21 st century.	
SSP1-1.9	Sustainable development; global warming held within 1.5°C. Zero CO_2 emissions in middle of 21 st century.	

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) concluded in the 6th Assessment Report that "it is unequivocal that human influence has warmed the atmosphere, ocean and land."

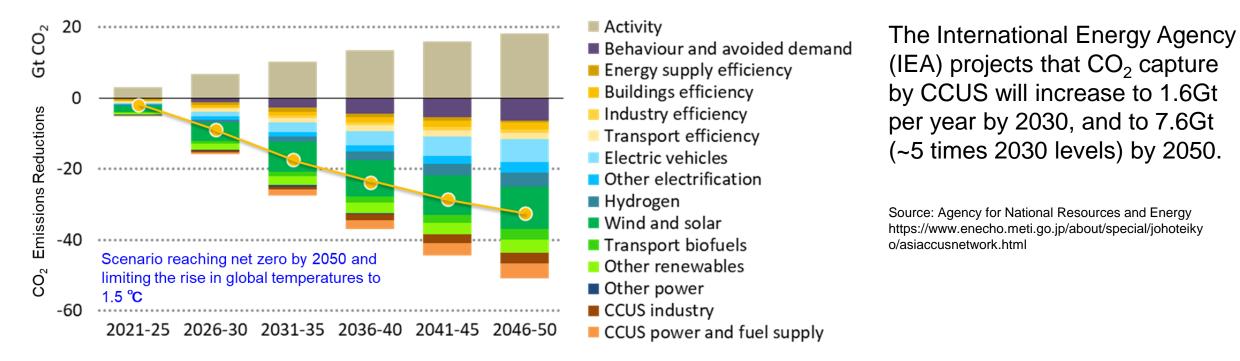
It has been pointed out that in order to limit global warming to 1.5° C, CO₂ emissions must be reduced to net zero by the middle of this century.

Source: IPCC AR6/WG1 (SPM) (Provisional version, September 1, 2021); as modified by Japan CCS Co., Ltd. https://www.data.jma.go.jp/cpdinfo/ipcc/ar6/IPCC_AR6_WG1_SPM_JP_20220512.pdf Source (graph): Japan Meteorological Agency "Reference, Attachment 3"; as modified by Japan CCS Co., Ltd. https://www.jma.go.jp/jma/press/2108/09a/ipcc_ar6_wg1_a3.pdf

tonnes

Potential of CO₂ reduction by CCUS

Average annual CO₂ reductions from 2020 in the NZE



Source: IEA (2021) Net Zero by 2050: a Roadmap for the Global Energy Sector; all rights reserved; as modified by Japan CCS Co., Ltd.

تحميه والمحمد المحمد المحمد المحاجبة المحمون والمحمون والمحمون ومحمل والقوجية المحمون والمحمون

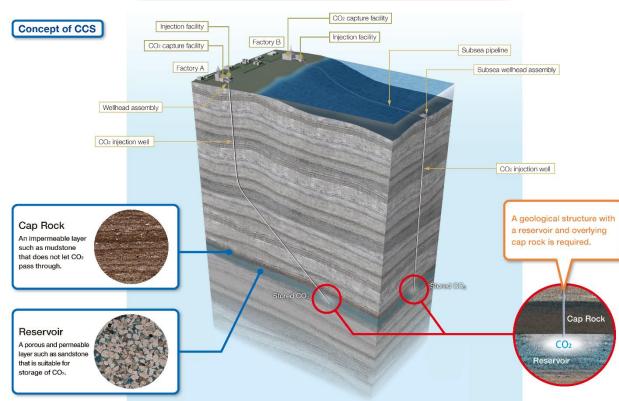
 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Cumulative CO}_2 \text{ Injection amount}\\ \textbf{300,110.3} \end{array}$

tonnes

What is CCS?

ويسالحه المعادية والمحادثة والمحادية والمحادية والمحادة والمحادة والمحادية والمحادة والمحادة والمحاد والمحادية والمحادية

Carbon dioxide Capture and Storage



CCS is a technology to prevent carbon dioxide (CO₂) released into the atmosphere emitted by facilities such as power plants and factories. The technology involves capturing the CO₂, injecting it into underground geological formations and storing it permanently. Along with energy efficiency and renewable energy, CCS helps to tackle global warming.

4/19

Cumulative CO_2 Injection amount **300,110.3**

tonnes

How to store CO₂

والمتحصل والمحصل ومصحفا والمحصل والمحصل والمحصل والمحصل والمحصل والمصالح المحصل والمحصل والمحصل



Features of Caprock

Mudstone etc., made of fine mud grains

Impervious

· Sufficient blocking ability

Covering reservoir layer widely and thickly

Features of Reservoir

Sandstone, volcanic rock, etc., made of coarse grains

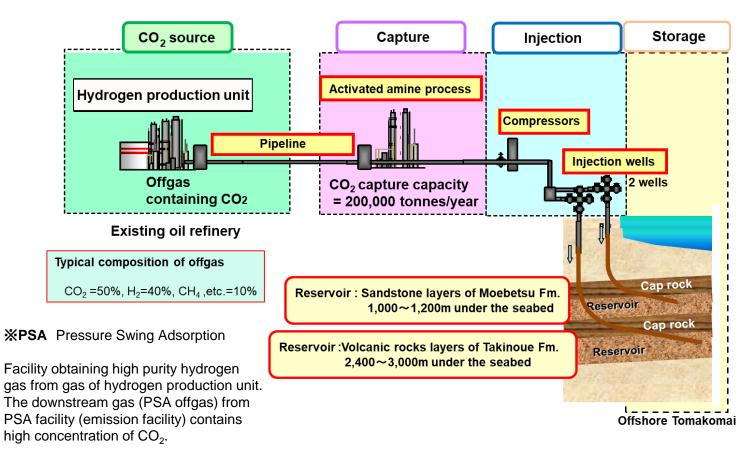
Sufficient pore spaces to store CO2
Pervious

In order to store CO_2 in the subsurface under the seabed, a geological structure where a reservoir is overlain by a cap rock is required. The cap rock blocks the leakage of injected CO_2 from the reservoir.

Cumulative CO_2 Injection amount **300,110.3**

tonnes

Flow Scheme of Tomakomai Demonstration Project



 CO_2 is captured from the offgas containing CO_2 generated by a hydrogen production unit of a refinery, pressurized (up to 23 MPa) to the pressure required for injection, injected at a scale of about 100,000 tonnes of CO_2 per year and stored in two subseabed reservoirs offshore Tomakomai.

Source: Edited from the demonstration test plan at Tomakomai site, Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

ومحمد الصحفال والمعمالصحفال والمعجم فارد

6/19

Cumulative CO₂ Injection amount

300,110.3 tonnes

Schedule of Tomakomai Demonstration Project

Contract Period: From JFY2012 to JFY2023

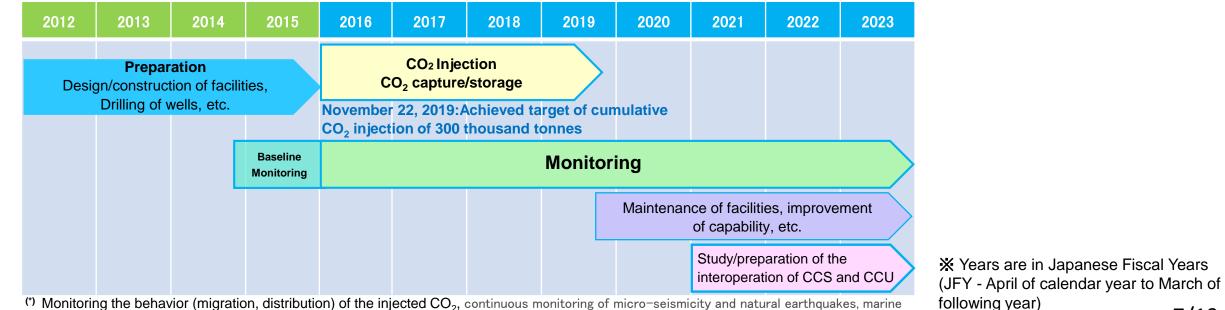
From JFY2012 to JFY2015: Preparation

Activities including the design and construction of facilities, drilling of wells, and preparation for demonstration operation were carried out. From April 2016 to November 2019: CO₂ injection (On November 22, 2019, the target of 300 thousand tonnes of CO₂ injection was achieved, and injection was terminated.)

From JFY2016: Monitoring of $CO_2^{(*)}$; being continued.

From November 2019: Maintenance of facilities, improvement of capability, etc.

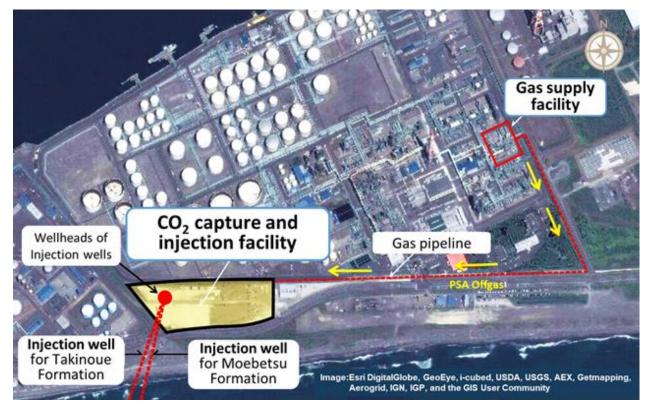
From JFY2021: Study/preparation of the interoperation of CCS and CCU



environmental monitoring to detect for possible CO₂ seepage are being conducted.

Cumulative CO₂ Injection amount **300,110.3** tonnes

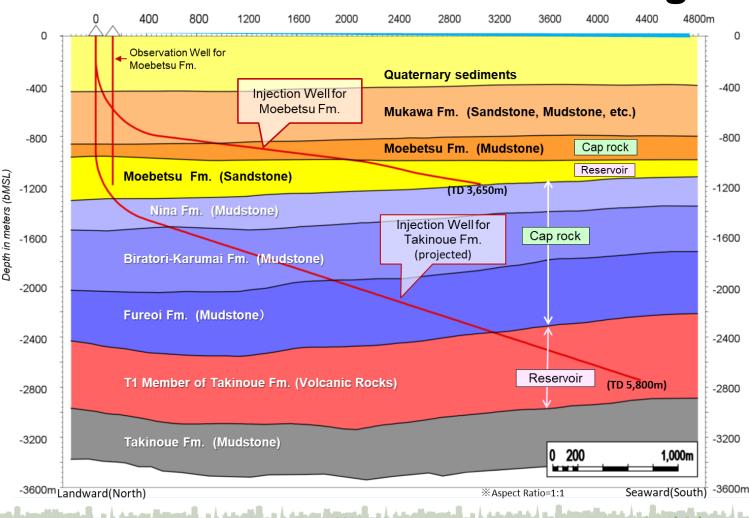
Positional Relation of Onshore Facilities



In the "Gas supply facility", PSA offgas (CO_2 containing gas) is generated in the hydrogen production process of the refinery and sent to the Tomakomai Project "Capture and injection facility" via a 1.4 km gas pipeline.

At the "Capture and injection facility", CO_2 is captured at purity of 99% or more from the PSA offgas sent through the Gas pipeline, pressurized by compressors, and injected by 2 injection wells into offshore sub-seabed reservoirs for storage.

Schematic Geological Section



This is a schematic geological section showing how the CO_2 is injected by two injection wells extending to the two reservoirs, the Takinoue Formation T1 Member (volcanic rocks) and Moebetsu Formation (sandstone).

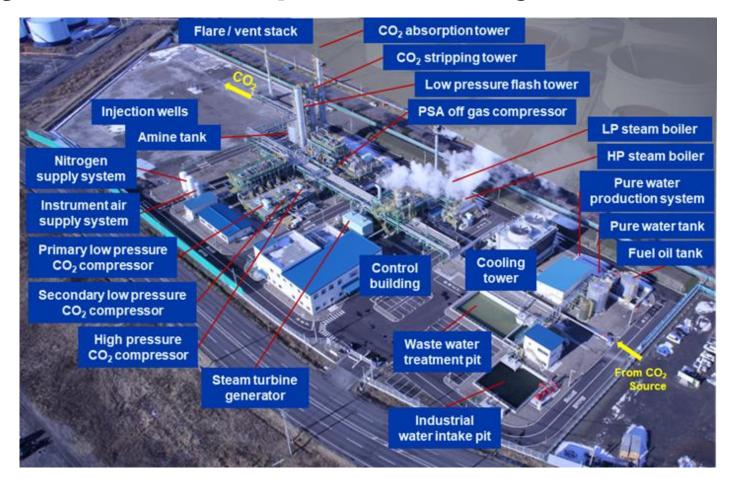
The Takinoue Formation injection well is a directional well with a total depth of 5,800m and maximum inclination of 72 degrees. The Moebetsu Formation injection well is a directional well with a total depth of 3,650m and maximum inclination of 83 degrees.

والبعار فيجازيه والبقية المتقامية والمتعطا بمحتف ور

On November 22, 2019, CO₂ injection of this demonstration project was suspended. Cumulative CO₂ Injection amount

300,110.3

Bird's Eye View of Capture and Injection Facilities



10/19

3 stage CO₂

the pressure

Compressors

Increases pressure of captured CO₂ to

On November 22, 2019, CO₂ injection of this demonstration project was suspended.

Cumulative CO₂ Injection amount

300,110.3 tonnes

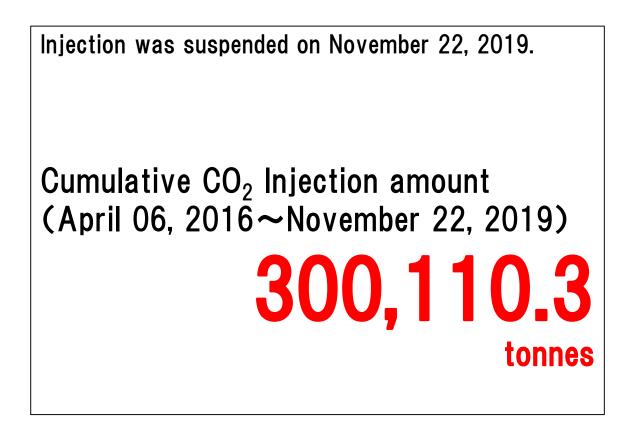
CO₂ Capture Facilities and Compressors



CO₂ Capture Facility Captures CO₂ from PSA Offgas

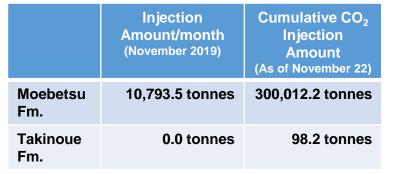
11/19

CO₂ Injection Report

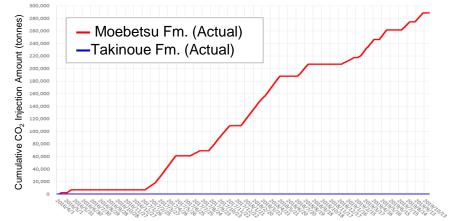


البيان فمصارحها والمتعاقبين المتعجبان المستقيمة ليرابعه والمستقيمة المراقع والمستقيمة الم

Injection Amount in November 2019



Change of cumulative CO₂ Injection Amount

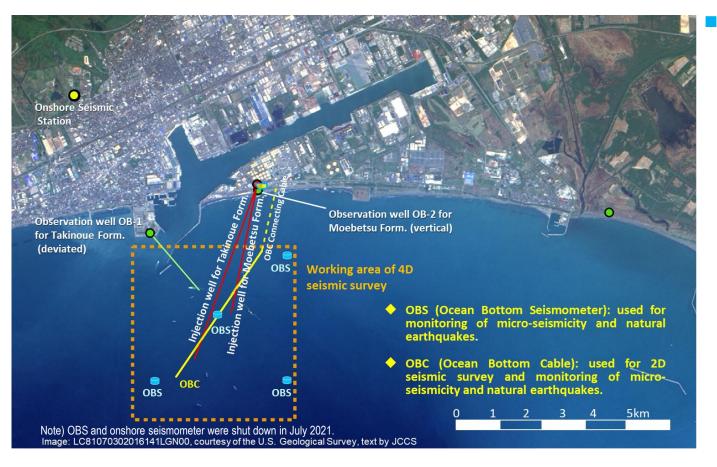


Cumulative CO2 Injection amount 300,110.3

tonnes

Layout of Monitoring Network

المراجع والمسطار والمسطالي والمسمعة



الموجوا وجذل والموجوة ومجذل والقوجدا والموجوة المحجوة

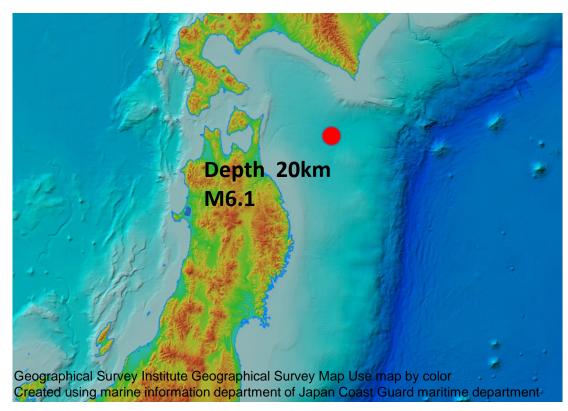
- A monitoring network was constructed near and around the CO_2 injection point, and continuous monitoring over six years comprising before CO_2 injection (1 year), during CO_2 injection (3 years) and after termination of injection is being carried out.
 - The formation pressures and temperatures of the wells - observation wells (3 wells) drilled around the CO₂ injection point and CO₂ injection wells (2 wells) are being monitored.
 - Seismometers were installed in the observation well and on the seabed to monitor earthquakes (including micro-seismicity - minute tremors that cannot be felt by humans).
 - Observed data is controlled centrally at the Tomakomai Demonstration Center and constant monitoring for the presence of abnormal conditions is carried out.

13/19

Cumulative CO2 Injection amount 300,110.3

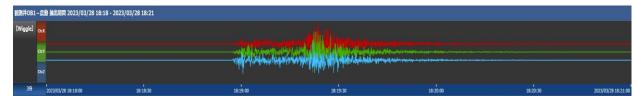
tonnes

The most recent noticeable tremors observed in Tomakomai



الرواحة والججرال واخترم وخاريا التوجال والتحويل والتوجيل والتوجيل والتوجيل

Observation record of Seismometer in Observation Well



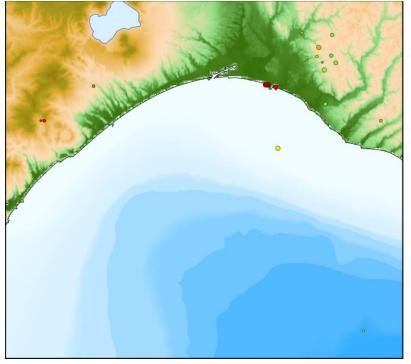
Earthquake Information Announced by the Japan Meteorological Agency			
Time & Date	18:18 (JST) 28 Mar, 2023		
Hypocenter	Lat. 41° 6'N Lon. 142° 48'E Depth 20km		
Magnitude	6.1		
Seismic Intensity at Tomakomai-city	3		

14/19

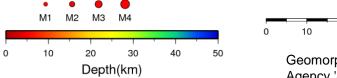
On November 22, 2019, CO2 injection of this demonstration project was suspended. Cumulative CO2 Injection amount

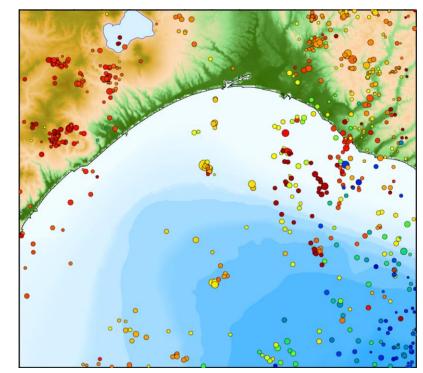
300,110.3

Distribution of Natural Earthquakes around Tomakomai



Natural earthquake hypocenter distribution in February 2023





Natural earthquake hypocenter distribution occurred from 2001 to 2010

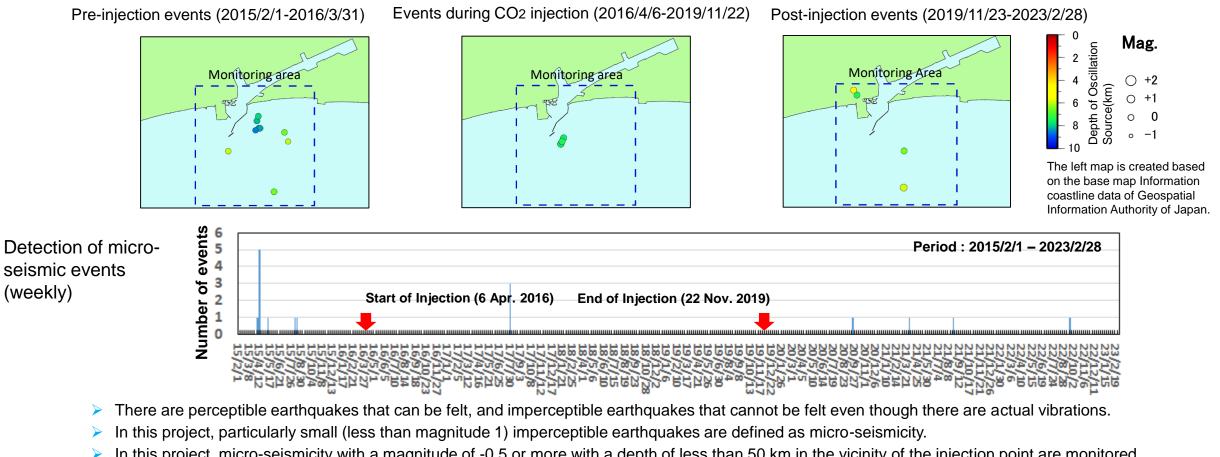
The hypocenters in the figure is from the JMA Unified Hypocenter Catalog. Earthquakes with the hypocenter depth of 50 km or less are displayed.

Geomorphic map is prepared from Geographical Survey Institute numerical map 250 m mesh (altitude) and Japan Marine Safety Agency 'Japan Oceanographic Data Center' 500 m mesh water depth data 15/19

Cumulative CO2 Injection amount

300,110.3

Micro-seismic events nearby injection point

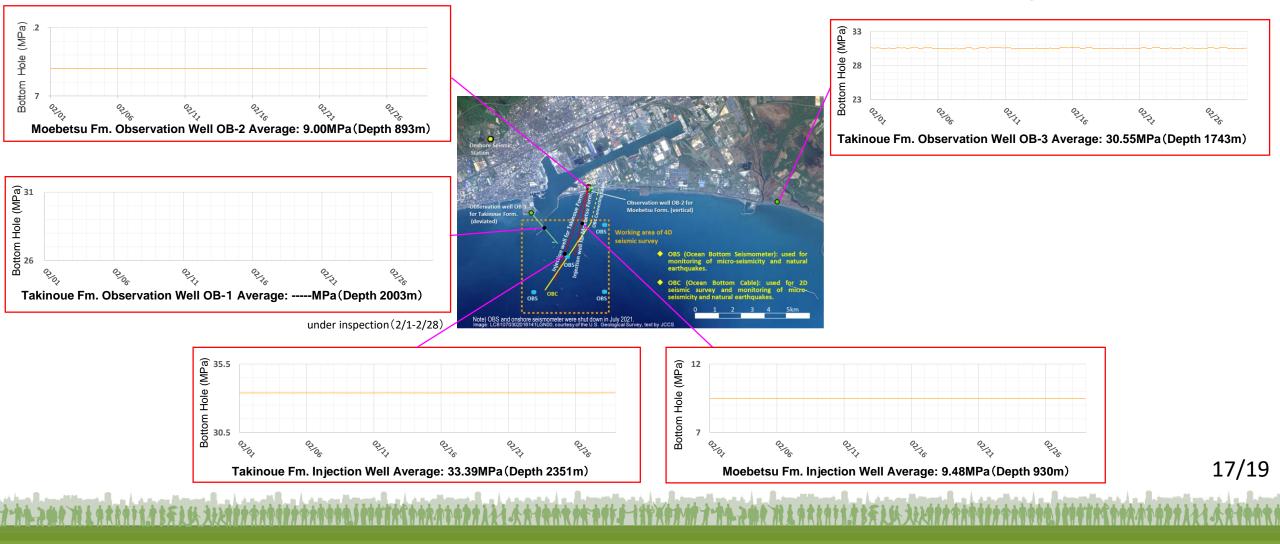


In this project, micro-seismicity with a magnitude of -0.5 or more with a depth of less than 50 km in the vicinity of the injection point are monitored, due to restrictions on the placement of observation points, and constraints on seismograph detection capability, etc.

On November 22, 2019, CO2 injection of this demonstration project was suspended. Cumulative CO2 Injection amount

300,110.3

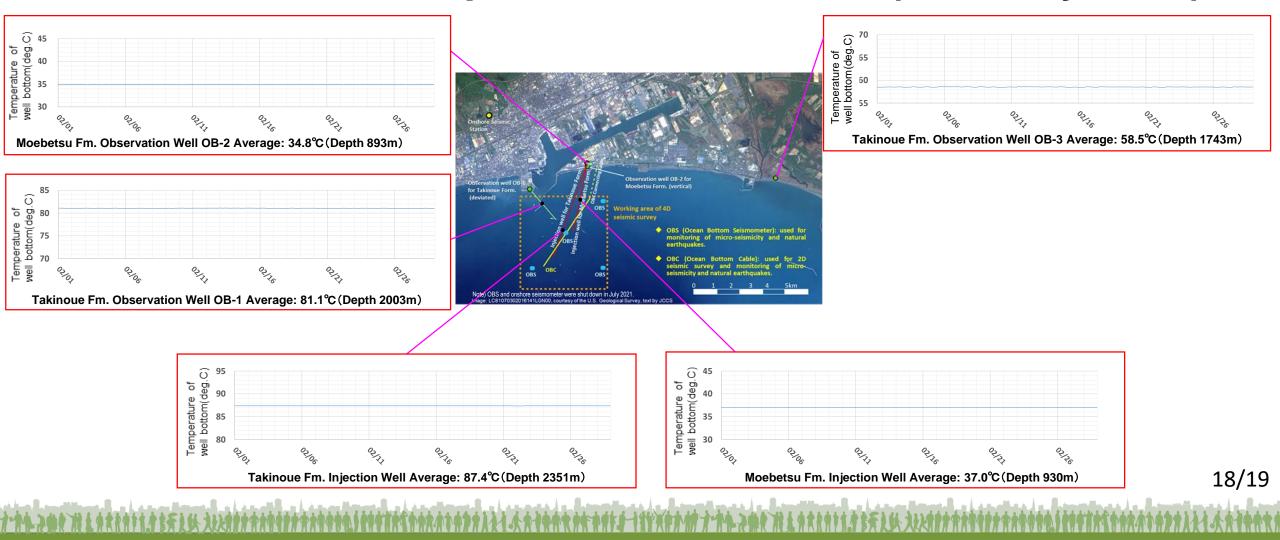
Observation of pressure in the wells (February 2023)



On November 22, 2019, CO2 injection of this demonstration project was suspended. **Cumulative CO2 Injection amount**

300,110.3

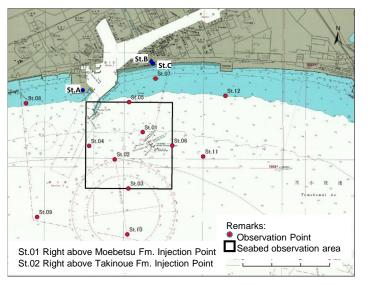
Observation of temperature in the wells (February 2023)



On November 22, 2019, CO2 injection of this demonstration project was suspended. **Cumulative CO2 Injection amount**

300,110.3

CO₂ Concentration around injection point(seasonal)



Cruise to the Japan Coast Guard issue navigation chart (W1034)

Seasonal observation of CO₂ concentration is conducted at three onshore points (St.A to C) and 12 offshore points (St.01 to 12). The concentration of CO₂ is indicated as Volume ratio (unit: volppm) at the onshore observation points, and as partial pressure (unit: μ atm) at the offshore points. The figures of the offshore points are based on the measurement at 2 meters above the seabed.

فتحصل والمعصفان والمعصوفا والمعصوفا والمعصفات المعصفين والمعصفات المعصفات المعصفات المعص

